Photoelectric Quad Beams Detector User Manual (V2.0)

♦ Thanks for purchasing photoelectric quad beam detector, please read this user manual carefully before installation.



Do not use the product for purposes other than the detection of moving objects such as people and vehicles. Do not use the product to activate a shutter etc. which may cause an accident.

Do not touch the unit base or power terminals of the product with a wet hand (do not touch when the product is wet with rain etc.) It may cause electric shock

Never attempt to disassemble or repair the product. It may cause fire or damage to the devices. Do not exceed the voltage or current rating specified for any of the terminals during installation, doing so may cause damage to the devices.



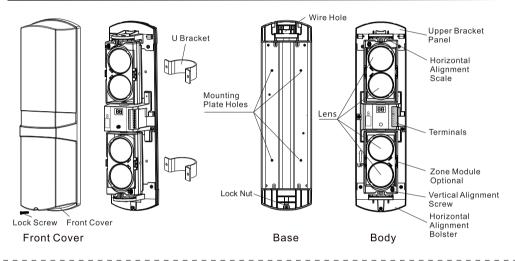
Do not pour water over the product with a bucket, hose etc. The water may enter which may cause damage to the devices.

Clean and check the product periodically for safe use. If any problem is found, do not attempt to use the product as it is and have the product repaired by a professional engineer or electrician.

1.Features

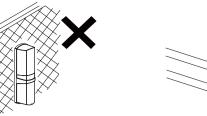
- Interruption time or walkspeed adjustable
- NO / NC relay outputs
- Integrated tamper switch, turns on when cover is moved.
- Frequencies selectable for long distance and stacking installations
- LED display signal grading for easy alignment
- Wide voltage power input: DC/AC 12-24V
- "And" "Or" technology
- DIP switch for easy programming
- Waterproof grade: IP65
- \bullet Alignment angle horizontally $\pm 90^{\circ}\,$, vertically $\pm 10^{\circ}\,$
- Digital filtering, high environment adaptability to eliminate false alarms
- Integrated heating function, reliable in cold/frost/fog weather.

2.Part Description



3.Installation Notes

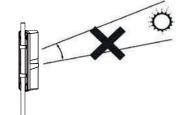
(1). Please avoid below situations to assure performance



1.Do not install on an unsteady or moveable base



2.Do not install the unit where objects can block the beams like plants and laundry moving in the wind



3. Prevent direct sunlight onto the receiver.

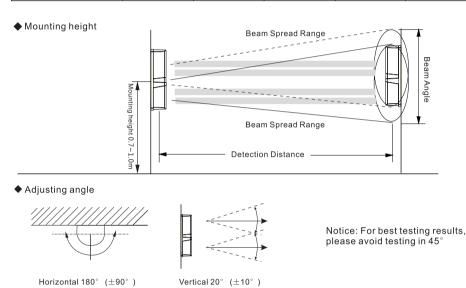
4. Avoid cross talk. Use frequency select (stack installation only for the same model)

5. Avoid exposing wiring

(2). Normal installation

◆ Detection distance

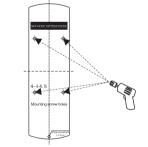
Detection Distance	50m	100m	150m	200m	250m
Beam Angle	1.6m	2.0m	2.6m	3.4m	4.4m



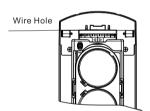
4. Setting Method



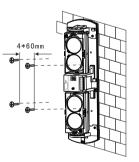
1. Loosen the screw and remove the cover



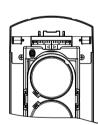
2.Attach the installation paper to the wall, mark the holes first and then make the guide holes.



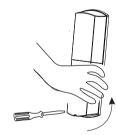
3. Wire hole: remove the foam plug, pull wire through, and reset the foam plug

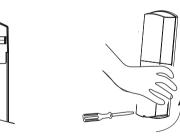


4. Attach beam to the base



5. Connecting wires to the term (please refer to "beam alignment")

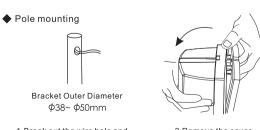






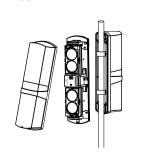
Wire Hole Wire Pressing

3. Drop into the holes with expansion



1.Break out the wire hole and pull out the wires





pipe, then fix it with screws.

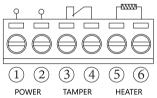
5.Back to back installation diagram others please refer to the step 5 &6 of the wall mounting method.

5.Connectors



Do not exceed the voltage or current rating specified for any of the terminals during installation.

Transmitter:



12~24VAC/DC 20mA max

1. Power input: DC/AC12-24V.

Receiver: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

POWER COM NC NO TAMPER HEATER 12~24VAC/DC ALARM 70mA max

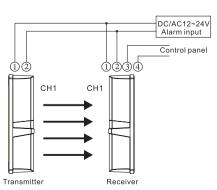
- 1. Power input: DC/AC12-24 V.
- 2. No heater in the package, please order if require

2. No heater in the package, please order if required. ${\bf 3}$. Tamper switch (NC) is independent of the circuit, anti-tamper trigger when cover is removed.

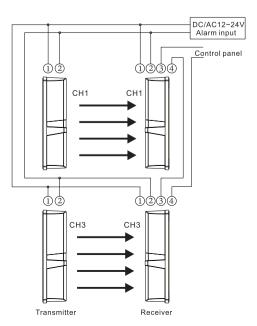
- ${\bf 3}$. Tamper switch (NC) is independent of the circuit, anti-tamper trigger when cover is removed.
- 4. C relay (30VDC 1.0A max).

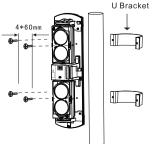
6.Connecting Wires

(1). Single connect: Control panel operating voltage DC12V, NC alarm output. Connecting to power supply parallel



(2). Stacked connect: Control panel operating voltage DC12V,NC alarm output series connect





4. Fix the body on the bracket

Wiring distance between the power supply and the detector should not exceed the following table length.



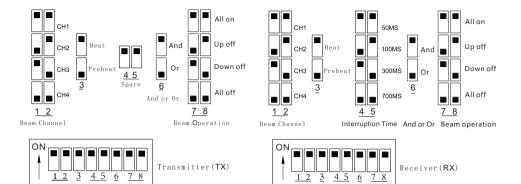
Wire Voltage diameter Length	DC12V	DC24V	
0.5mm² (Ф0.8)	100m	500m	
0.75mm² (Φ1.0)	150m	750m	
1.0mm² (Φ1.2)	200m	1000m	
1.5mm² (Φ1.4)	250m	1250m	

1. The power wife call texceed the listed
length.
2. When connecting multiple detectors,
the required cable length is divided by

the corresponding number of units listed. 3. Don't connect the port with the voltage or current which is over the normal specification.

7.DIP Switch Explanations

1. DIP switch show on the left side of the main PCB, as shown in following figure.



- DIP switches 1&2: Set beam frequency. TX and RX must be the same.
- DIP switch 3: Set heater. PREHEAT is for test. Must set HEAT when it's used.
- DIP witches 4&5: Set interruption time.
- DIP switch 6: Set "AND" or "OR" mode. "AND" means alarm activated if all 4 beams are blocked; "OR" means alarm activated if either upper/down 2 beams are blocked.
- DIP switches 7&8: Set Beam's working mode.

ALL ON: 4 beams on.

UP OFF DOWN ON: disable upper 2 beams.

UP ON DOWN OFF: disable down 2 beams.

ALL OFF: disable all beams.

 ${f Notes}$: All set must be the same on both TX and RX except 4&5 (4&5 on TX is spare)

2. Indicators

0	POWER	Receiver
		_

POWER (Green)

• Indicator turns on if TX and RX are powered.



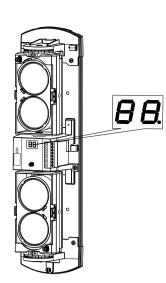
Transmitter

ALARM (Red) ALARM indicator is always lighting if alarm activated; It will be off during arming.

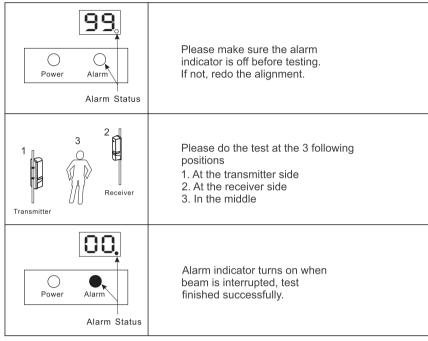
8. Optic Axis Adjustment

- 1.Set TX and RX same frequency by DIP switches 1&2.
- 2.Set "AND" and "UP ON DOWN OFF" mode, adjust up 2 beams horizontally and vertically, it's ok when LED is "99".
- 3. Then at "UP OFF DOWN ON" mode, same set for down 2 beams
- 4. Then set "ALL ON" and alignment finished
- 5. Then do "walk test" to ensure it'll activate alarm normally.
- If failed, please re-do alignment. If alignment keeps failing, please refer to troubleshooting.

00~40 Realign 41~70 Fair Signal strength 71~90 Good 91~99 Best



9.Walk Test



 $Note: If the alarm \ LED \ indicator \ is \ OFF \ even \ though \ the \ beams \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ LED \ indicator \ is \ of \ and \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ completely \ blocked, \ refer \ to \ the \ alarm \ are \ are$ "Trouble Shooting".

10.Troubleshooting

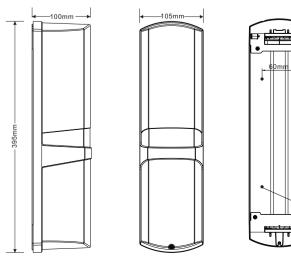
	Symptom Possible cause		Remedy		
	Power on, but power LED off	1. No voltage on power cable; 2. Broken circuit or short circuit; 3. Beyond specified voltage; 4. Power cable exceeds the specified length	Check PSU, voltage, cables and connectors		
	When beam is blocked, the alarm LED does not indicate, nor does the alarm relay switch	1. There is reflection or cross-talk from other transmitters 2. Walk speed set too long 3. Alarm output cable is shorted or damaged	1. Change beam path or change TX/RX frequency channel 2. Ensure 4 beams all blocked 3. Change walk-speed setting 4. Check receiver terminal and output cable		
	When beam is not blocked, alarm LED indicates activation	1. Beam is out of alignment; optical axis does not overlap 2. There are objects between TX and RX 3. Frequency is incorrect 4. The cover is dirty or capped by snow, frost and ice 5. TX is faulty or OFF	1. Adjust optical axis 2. Check objects between TX and RX 3. Ensure the frequency of TX and RX is the same 4. Clean cover or user heater 5. Check the voltage or wiring of the TX		
	False alarm	1. Bad wiring and fluctuant power voltage 2. Randomly blocked, like birds, paper or leaves 3. The beams base is unstable 4. Out of alignment	Check power, current and wiring Change installation location Strengthen installation base Re-align		

11.Specifications

Detection	Detection	Outdoor	50m	100m	150m	200m	250m	
distance		Indoor	150m	300m	450m	600m	750m	
	Detection method		3 options (interruption of all 4 beams or upper 2 beams or below 2 beams)					
Interruption time Frequencies Power and voltage		50ms,100ms,300ms,700ms(adjustable)						
		4 different frequencies (selectable)						
		12V-24V DC/AC						
Current consumption			70mA max	80mA max	90mA max	100mA max	110mA max	
Alarm cycle		≥1.5s						
Alarm output		1C. relay output (AC/DC30V, 1.0A max)						
	Tamper IP rating		NC. works when cover is removed					
			IP65					
Oper	Operating temperature Humidity			-25℃ ~ 55℃				
				95% max				
	Corre	ection angle	Horizontal 180°(±90°), Vertical 20°(±10°)					
	Install location		Indoor/Outdoor ,Wall/Pole					
Weight		3000g						
		U bracket	4pcs, 70.4*37.5*21.5mm, δ=1.5mm, stainless steel					
	Pole m	nounting srew	8pcs , PM4*30mm					
Attachment	Wall m	nounting screw	8pcs , PM4*25mm					
	Exp	ansion pipe	8pcs, Ф7*27mm, green					
	Insta	llation paper	2pcs, W85*H220mm					
114		Voltage	12V-24V DC/AC					
Heaters (additional		Current	200mA max					
purchase)	Т	emperature	+60℃					
	Worki	ng condition	Auto Heating when it's ≤5°C and stop heating when it's≥7°C					

Note: When environment temperature lower than -20°C, please use heaters to ensure normal working.

12.Dimensions



Mounting Hole